Tollerton Primary School – Progression in spelling – Year 2



The Spelling Book – Jane Considine

Autumn Week 1 and	Lens: Good Endings/Suffixes Hypothesis: All words that end with 'le' have a double consonant before e.g. bottle.			15 Words – Spelling Practice Lens: Rely on Phonics Learning: a 15 Words – always, apple, badge, ball, ambitious, because, behind, bottle, brother, camel, can't, capital, careful, cell, child, child's right.			
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	Short task	Short task	Short task		Short task	Short task	
	Lens: Good endings/suffixes -'il'	Lens: Good endings/suffixes -'y' as in very	Lens: Interrogate and Check Spot the error		Lens: Memorise Rules/Exceptions Contractions	Lens: Pronunciation a (cat, pain)	
Autumn	Investigation 2				15 Words – Spelling Practice		
Week 3 and 4	Lens: Good Endings/Suffixes Hypothesis: There are more words that end in 'il', e.g. pencil than 'al' e.g. animal.			Lens: Rely on Phonics Learning ch as in children 15 words – children, Christmas, copied, copier, copying, could, couldn't didn't, don't, donkey, door, dry, edge, enjoyment.			
	Short task	Short task	Short task		Short task	Short task	
	Lens: Recognising Punctuation Apostrophes for contractions	Lens: Good Endings/ Suffixes Words never end in 'v' always add 'e'.	Lens: Rely on Phonics ay, a-e, ai, ea, ey, a, aigh, eigh		Lens: Order of letters Past and present tense	Lens: Verification Good spells vs bad spells	

Autumn Week 5 and	Investigation 3			15 Words – Spelling Practice			
6	Lens: Recognising Punctuation Hypothesis: The most commo	n second word in a contracted fo	or is 'have'.	15 words – ey	g- eye in different words ds – eye, fiction, find, flies, floor, fly, fossil, fudge, fully, girl's ball, ha niked, hiker, hiking.		
	Short task	Short task	Short task		Short task	Short task	
Autumn Week 7 and	Lens: Good Endings/Suffixes Can you add the right suffix to these verbs to form nouns? Investigation 4 Lens: Recognising punctuation Proper nouns are a specific name and are always capitalised. Lens: Recognising punctuation Lens: Inspect Alphabetical			15 Words – Sp	Lens: Navigating a Thesaurus Synonym spectacular elling Practice Phonics Learning:	Lens: Guesses	
8		son that owns something the ap	oostrophes	ce as in ice 15 Words – ice, key, kind, knee, knock, know, man's cup, Megan's shoe, memind, money, Mostafa's bag, mother, motion, national.			
	Short task	Short task	Short task		Short task	Short task	
	Lens: Recognising Punctuation It's and its	Lens: Organising Sounds Ea, ee, e-e, e, y, ie, ey	Lens: Check Et		Lens: Analogies Changing 1 letter to make new words	Lens: Noticing Families and Roots Building new words with suffix and prefix	

Autumn	Investigation 5			15 Words – Spelling Practice			
Week 9 and 10	Lens: Organising Sounds Hypothesis: The /d3/ sound is vowel sound, and 'j' at the beg	spelt 'dge' at the end of the wor	rd, after a short	Learning: si as 15 words – tel	ens: Rely on Phonics earning: si as in television words - television their, there, they're, travel, treasure, tries, tunner ant, war, warm, watch, we're, were, where.		
	Short task	Short task	Short task		Short task	Short task	
	Punctuation ai, -l, i-e, igh, y, ie Patterns		Rebuild words	_	Lens: I/Me Personal Spellings My focus 5	Lens: Recognising Parts Compound words	
Autumn	Investigation 6			15 Words – Sp	elling Practice		
Week 11 and 12	Lens: Organising Sounds Hypothesis: 'k', 'g' and 'w' are of words that are not pronoun	the only letters that are used at sced.	the beginning	Learning o as i 15 words – nos	Lens: Rely on Phonics Learning o as in nostril L5 words — nostril, patting, patted, pedal, pencil, playful, poor, race, replies, sadness, section, station, sugar, sure, table.		
	Short task	Short task	Short task		Short task	Short task	
	Lens: Organising Sounds 'a' as in what	Lens: Understanding plurals Adding an 's' is the most common rule.	Lens: Illustrative Themed words to the bedroom	- words linked	Lens: Noticing Families and Roots Homophones and near homophones	Lens: Go! Speed! Write! Dictated sentences, edit for errors	

Spring	Investigation			15 Words – Spelling Practice			
Week 1 and 2	Lens: Understanding Plurals Hypothesis: All words that end	d in 'y' when pluralised end in '-i	es'.	Learning: o as 15 words – wh	ns: Rely on Phonics arning: o as in who words – who, whole, wild, world, work, worse, would, write, writte ote, action, actual, again, age, animal.		
	Short task	Short task	Short task		Short task	Short task	
	Lens: Organising Sounds S or c making the /s/ sound	Lens: Understanding plurals -s as the most common way to pluralise	Lens: Interrogate and check Spotting errors		Lens: Memorise rules/exceptions Possessive apostrophes	Lens: Pronunciation Rhymes	
Spring	Investigation	Investigation			elling Practice		
Week 3 and 4	Lens: Understanding Plurals Hypothesis: When changing si pluralised word always ends ir	ngular nouns or verbs into plura ı –ss or -es	ls, the	Learning: Sour 15 words – ar	Lens: Rely on Phonics Learning: Sound associations 15 words — ankle, any, audition, babies, badly, bare, bear, both, boy, bo games, buoy, candies, capital, carries, castle		
	Short task	Short task	Short task		Short task	Short task	
	Lens: Understanding plurals If words end in ch, zz, sh, s or x, an —es is required to pluralise	Lens: Prefixes Prefix un-	Lens: Noticing Families and Roots Recognising the meaning of some prefixes and suffixes		Lens: Order of letters Words within words	Lens: Verification Missing letters	

Spring Week 5 and 6	Investigation			15 Words – Spelling Practice				
	Lens: Prefixes Hypothesis: All of the words the 'making the opposite of'	nat begin with dis- use a prefix t	hat means	Learning: Sour 15 words – ca	Learning: Sound associations 15 words — cat's food, celebrate, change, charge, chimney, circle, clim copies, council, dog's bowl, every, everybody, excited, fancy			
	Short task	Short task	Short task Short task Shor		Short task			
Spring Week 7	Lens: Understanding plurals If words end in ch, zz, sh, s or x, an —es is required to pluralise Investigation Lens: Prefixes	Lens: Prefixes Creating antonyms	Lens: Inspections Definitions	Lens: Navigating a thesaurus Negatives into positives Prefix un- 15 Words – Spelling Practice Lens: Rely on Phonics				
and 8	Hypothesis: The meaning of re	e- means 'again' and this can be use the prefix re- attached to a v		Learning: ee a 15 words – fee		gold, happier, happiest, hold,		
	Short task	Short task	Short task		Short task	Short task		
	Lens: Good endings/suffixes Regular present and past tense verbs	Lens: Irregular/exception words Unusual spellings	Lens: Analogies Letter string 'ice', 'ock', 'it', 'ip', "an', 'at'		Lens: Check etymology Bi- prefix	Lens: Quiz yourself Developing strategies		

Spring	Investigation			15 Words – Sp	elling Practice		
Week 9 and 10	•	Lens: Irregular/exceptions words Hypothesis: Having an accent means that people hear and pronounce words in different ways. All people hear the phoneme /a/ in these words			Lens: Rely on Phonics Learning: el as in towel 15 words – jewel, July, knew, lentil, many, mice, middle, Monday, monkey, most, move, nicer, nicest, nothing, old		
	Short task	Short task	Short task		Short task	Short task	
	Lens: Prefixes Dis- meaning reversing and un- means not	Lens: Irregular/exception words Tricky words	Lens: Understanding patterns Combinations of prefixes and suffixes		Lens: I/Me personal spellings My focus five	Lens: Recognising parts Prefix, suffix or both	
Spring	Investigation			15 Words – Sp	pelling Practice		
Week 11 and 12	Lens: Irregular/exceptions words Hypothesis: When pupils groups these common words into three sets: easy, medium and hard, we all agree which words are the most tricky			Lens: Rely on Phonics Learning: o as in only 15 words – only, parents, plainness, plant, prove, pupil, quiet, quite, reply, sadder, saddest, shiny, sign, squash, squirrel			
	Short task	Short task	Short task		Short task	Short task	
	Lens: Irregular/exception words Unusual high frequency spellings	Lens: New meaning/homophone Compound words	Lens: Illustrative Classroom words		Lens: Noticing families and roots Definitions	Lens: Go! Speed! Write! Numbers, colours, bedroom words	

Summer Week 1 and 2	Investigation			15 Words – Spelling Practice			
	Lens: New meaning/homopl Hypothesis: Homophones ar sometimes the same meaning	nones are words that have different spellings and a as in talk					
	Short task	Short task Short task Short task			Short task	Short task	
	Lens: Irregular/exception words Unusual, high frequency spellings Lens: New meaning/homophone Closed compound words Lens: New meaning/homophone Closed compound words			Lens: Order of letters Words from the letters in 'information'	Lens: Verification Correcting errors		
Summer	Investigation			15 Words – Spelling Practice			
Week 3 and 4	Lens: New meaning/homopl Hypothesis: Words that are n	none near homophones cause spelling c	confusions	wr as in wrap 15 words – wr	on Phonics Learning: rap - wrap, wreck, wrinkle, writer, you're, able, after, alley, bath, girl's pen, break, busy, caption, cartwheel		
	Short task	Short task	Short task		Short task	Short task	
	Lens: Recognising punctuation	Lens: Group/year specific	Lens: Inspection	ng a dictionary	Lens: Navigating a thesaurus	Lens: Guesses	

Summer	Investigation			15 Words – Sp	elling Practice		
Week 5 and 6	Lens: Group/year specific Hypothesis: A root word can both	Hypothesis: A root word can only have the suffix –ness added or –less, not			Lens: Rely on Phonics Learning: y as in celery 15 words – celery, centre, circular, class, clothes, counsel, cover, cried, cruel, crying, cycle, daffodil, definition, dimple, eagle		
	Short task	Short task	Short task		Short task Short task		
	Lens: New meaning/homophone Closed compound words	Lens: Group/year specific Diagraphs	Lens: Analogie Word storm	S	Lens: Quiz yourself Independent study	Lens: Understanding patterns Jumbled words	
Summer	Investigation			15 Words – Sp	elling Practice		
Week 7 and 8	Lens: Group/year specific Hypothesis: Root words that end in 'y' with a consonant before it, need to drop the 'y' and add 'l' before the suffix –ly and –ness are added Lens: Rely on Phonics Learning: e-e as in scheme 15 words – even, example, fall, fast, faster, fatter, fattest, fir giraffe, gnat, grass, great, happily				ter, fattest, final, fulfil, giant,		
	Short task	Short task	Short task		Short task	Short task	
	Lens: New meaning/homophone Homophones	Lens: Syllables One syllable words with a long vowel /ei/ sound	Lens: I/me personal spelling Focus five		Lens: Recognising parts Compound words	Lens: Order of letters Adding a -y	

Summer	Investigation				elling Practice	
Week 9 and 10	Lens: Syllables Hypothesis: If you can find smaller words in larger, multi-syllabic words, they are easier to spell			Lens: Rely on Phonics		
	Short task	Short task Short task			Short task	Short task
	Lens: Group/year specific 'el' endings are less common than 'le'	Lens: Rely on phonics /f/ is not usually a 'ph' in short, everyday words	Lens: Noticing families and roots Homophone pairs		Lens: Go! Speed! Write! Numbers, mini-beasts, classroom themed words	Lens: Interrogate and check Finding errors
Summer	Investigation			15 Words – Sp	elling Practice	
Week 11 and 12	Lens: Syllables Hypothesis: When adding the suffix –ing to a one syllable word ending in a single consonant letter, double the consonant first before adding the -ing			Lens: Rely on Phonics Learning: o as in other 15 words — other, parties, pass, past, path, pause, paws, penniless, people, plentiful, pours, pretty, puppies, quantity, royal		
	Short task	Short task	Short task		Short task	Short task
	Lens: Group/year specific Same sound but different grapheme	Lens: Syllables Unstressed syllables	Lens: Inspecting a dictionary Alphabetical order		Lens: Order of letters Suffix groups	Lens: Navigating a thesaurus Synonym families